

1. Решите тригонометрическое неравенство  $6\sin^2 x - \sin x - 1 < 0$ .

1)  $\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left( -\arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k; \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \right] \cup \left( \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k; \pi + \arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k \right)$

2)  $\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left( -\arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k; \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \right] \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k; \pi + \arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k \right)$

3)  $\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left( -\arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k; \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \right) \cup \left[ \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k; \pi + \arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k \right)$

4)  $\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left( -\arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k; \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \right) \cup \left( \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k; \pi + \arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k \right]$

5)  $\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left( -\arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k; \frac{\pi}{6} + \pi k \right) \cup \left( \frac{5\pi}{6} + \pi k; \pi + \arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k \right)$

6)  $\bigcup_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \left( -\arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k; \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \right) \cup \left( \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k; \pi + \arcsin \frac{1}{3} + 2\pi k \right)$